Across

3. The High Court of Australia in Commissioner of Stamp Duties and Joliffe (1920) 28 CLR 178 noted that the use of these words did not satisfy certainty of intention to create a trust. [PRECARTORY]

4. Complete constitution of a trust may occur by declaration of a trust, transfer or by something to a trustee. [DIRECTION]

6. Three certainties must be satisfied together with a particular type of constitution. [COMPLETE]

Down

1. An express trust to be valid must either have certainty of object or a particular purpose. [CHARITABLE]

2. A trust may be completely constituted by an inter vivos or another type of transfer. [TESTAMENTARY]

5. There are three of these that need to be satisfied when a trust is created. [CERTAINTY]

7. The concept of a trust originated in. [EQUITY]
Across

8. Equity looks to intent, rather than form when an express trust is created so no____words or phrases are required. [SPECIAL]
9. Complete constitution may occur by a deceleration of one of these. [TRUST]
10. Complete constitution can also occur by a particular type of transfer (as one word). [INTERVIVOS]